SMITH FEEDLOT  Enhanced Biosecurity Plan for FMD Prevention in Iowa

Date [CREATED OR UPDATED]: 12/3/2017

This Biosecurity Plan is based off of the Secure Beef Supply (SBS) Plan Self-Assessment Checklist for Enhanced Biosecurity, [DECEMBER 2017] and was developed using guidance from the SBS Information Manual for Enhanced Biosecurity for FMD Prevention: Beef Feedlots. All documents are available at www.securebeef.org.

SCOPE OF BIOSECURITY PLAN
Describe the Premises:

- National Premises Identification Number (Prem ID or PIN): 000XXX (request from the office of the State Animal Health Official)
- Premises Address: 123 County Line Road, City, IA, 50000
- Premises GPS Coordinates: (33.3333333, 33.3333333)
- Animals on primary premises: 1500 feedlot steers and 1500 feedlot heifers
- Animal housing types: all on feedlot
- Other business operations on premises? No
- Secondary premises* locations: (PIN, 911 addresses, or GPS coordinates):
  - Will be provided if this premises is located in an FMD Control Area

*Animals that are susceptible to FMD include cattle, pigs, sheep and goats. For biosecurity guidance for dairy cattle and pigs, see www.securemilksupply.org and www.securepork.org.
**Work with your State Animal Health Official to determine if separate PINs are needed for all of your associated premises.

1. BIOSECURITY MANAGER AND WRITTEN PLAN
The designated Biosecurity Manager for this premises and their contact information follows:

NAME: Abbey Smith
PHONE: 555-555-5555
EMAIL: ASMITH@BEEF.COM

In the event the Biosecurity Manager is away from the operation, their designee’s contact information is:

NAME: Danelle Weddle
PHONE: 555-550-5050
EMAIL: DWEDDLE@BEEF.COM

Or Abbey Smith, 555-555-5555, asmith@beef.com

The Biosecurity Manager’s contact information is posted in office. Abbey Smith and Danelle Weddle have the written authority to ensure compliance with biosecurity protocols and take corrective action as needed.

Abbey Smith developed the operation-specific biosecurity plan with the assistance of: Juan Hernandez, a licensed veterinarian whose contact information is:
The Biosecurity Manager or their designee:
☒ communicates with and/or trains individuals entering on biosecurity measures to follow;
☒ reviews the biosecurity plan at least annually and updates it whenever the feedlot goes through a change affecting biosecurity;
☒ ensures that all individuals entering the feedlot frequently (weekly or more often) have access to a copy of the biosecurity plan; and
☒ is capable of implementing the written plan if FMD is diagnosed in the U.S.

A labeled premises map is included at the end of this plan and can be found on the premises at: ________________________

2. TRAINING
The people listed below are trained at least every ________________ about the biosecurity measures necessary to keep FMD out of the herd. This training is documented and available for review upon request.

- OWNERS ________________________
- BIOSECURITY MANAGERS ________________________
- ESSENTIAL PERSONNEL ________________________

The Biosecurity Manager(s) informs individuals entering the feedlot of the biosecurity measures they are to follow in a language they understand. Individuals are aware of the biosecurity concepts and procedures that apply to their specific areas of responsibility. Our required training is described below.

All individuals entering must understand how to
☒ Contact the Biosecurity Manager(s)
☒ Respect the Line of Separation (LOS)
☒ Cross the LOS, if required, following arrival and biosecure entry requirements
☒ Perform biosecurity measures for their specific job duties

Essential personnel must also:
☒ Understand the importance of biosecurity
☒ Review the entire biosecurity plan;
☒ Review the labeled premises map;
☒ Know who to report to if they see someone not complying or something preventing compliance;
and
☒ Recognize the consequences for not complying with biosecurity protocols.

3. PROTECTING FEEDLOT CATTLE

Line of Separation (LOS)
The Line of Separation is labeled on the premises map at the end of this plan. The LOS is marked on-site with ________________________.

Cattle do not have access to other livestock, streams, waterways, or run-off water or organic matter that may have come from other premises.
**LOS Access Point(s)**
Entry to the feedlot is restricted to 3 controlled LOS Access Point(s) and each are labeled on the premises map at the end of this plan. The LOS Access Points are clearly marked with a suitable barrier of cable to restrict entry. Unused driveways that are not LOS Access Points are protected with GATES AND CABLES to prevent vehicles and people from entering.

Signs written in English and Spanish languages are posted at all LOS Access Points that include the Biosecurity Manager’s phone number.

All movements (animals, vehicles, equipment, people) across the LOS are recorded and these documents are kept in the farm office and are available for review upon request.

The designated animal loading/unloading area is labeled on the premises map at the end of this plan and this is NOT used for a people entry point.

Deliveries not essential to the feedlot are made outside of the LOS at the farm office and this area is indicated on the premises map and signage posted at the LOS Access Point.

Vehicles crossing through the LOS Access Points are cleaned to remove visible contamination and then disinfected at the Cleaning and Disinfection Station.

People and items crossing through the LOS Access Points follow appropriate specific biosecurity steps, described under Biosecure Entry Procedure in this plan.

**Cleaning and Disinfection (C&D) Station**
There is an operational, clearly marked, and equipped C&D station(s) located 2nd farm entrance and it is labeled on the premises map at the end of this plan. The wash pad for the C&D station is made of gravel and slopes away from animal housing, feed receiving or storage areas, waterways, and on-farm traffic areas. This feedlot uses buffer strips to manage effluent from the C&D area to ensure susceptible animals are not exposed. Effluent from the C&D Station is managed following all state and local regulations.

This operation has access to all the equipment and supplies needed to successfully operate the C&D Station. The SOP for the C&D process is available upon request.

The following individuals have received documented training in proper selection and use of personal protective equipment, the principles of C&D to avoid introducing FMD virus to the operation, and area able to effectively operate the C&D Station.

- Abbey Smith
- Danelle Weddle
- Juan Hernandez

In the case of inclement weather (freezing temperatures, thunderstorms, high winds) when the C&D Station cannot be operated, we have the following contingency plans to ensure vehicles do not bring visible contamination onto our feedlot:

- Keep the mobile unit with the power washer, water and disinfectant in the heated shop near the truck parking so that it is functional when needed. Move it to the C&D Station at the 2nd entrance a vehicle needs to be C&D and back into the shop to prevent it from freezing. In the event of a thunderstorm, the C&D Station would not be operated until safe to do so.
Designated Parking Area
The designated parking area is clearly marked with _____ parking spots ______ and labeled on the premises map at the end of this plan. It is located outside of the LOS and away from animal areas.

4. VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT

Vehicles and Equipment (non-animal transport)
All vehicles and equipment (not containing live animals) are cleaned to remove visible contamination and effectively disinfected prior to crossing the LOS; otherwise entry is prohibited.

Harvest and Feed Delivery Equipment
A plan is in place to temporarily modify the LOS to create a direct path to the feed storage area for harvest vehicles/equipment that may be transporting feedstuffs during harvest of ___silage___. This route is NOT used by vehicles inside the LOS to feed or contact animals. We are able to access this feed storage area from another direction that does NOT cross paths. Visible material on tires/undercarriage will be removed prior to entering the premises, with every effort made to not spray the feedstuffs (hay, silage, grain) carried by the vehicle. Once visible material has been removed, the harvest vehicles/equipment drive directly to the feed storage area. The drive path is cleaned and disinfected after harvest/feed delivery is complete, ensuring run-off/effluent does not enter animal housing, waterways, or traffic areas within the LOS. Once the area is C&D, the LOS is re-established as it was prior to harvest.

Livestock Trucks/Trailers (animal transport vehicles)
All empty animal transport vehicles are cleaned and disinfected prior to arrival at the feedlot (outgoing loads) or before animals are loaded for delivery to the feedlot (incoming loads).

Occupied animal transport vehicles are not allowed to cross the LOS.

• Gates are installed to safely move livestock onto the operation from the livestock trailer.

5. PERSONNEL

Prior to Arriving at the Feedlot
The Biosecurity Manager ensure that everyone crossing the LOS on foot or exiting their vehicle inside the LOS has been instructed to arrive at the feedlot

• with a clean vehicle interior (free of all animal manure/excrement) that has not become contaminated by soiled clothes, footwear, or other items,
• having showered and wearing clean clothing and footwear since last contacting susceptible animals.
  o For individuals that work with animals and live on-site, showering and changing into clean clothing/footwear before leaving the house is required.
  o For individuals living off-site, after showering and changing into clean clothes and footwear, they must NOT contact animals, live or dead, or facilities where they are held prior to arrival at the feedlot.

Essential personnel who will need to cross the LOS during an FMD outbreak include:

• Feedlot service ________________________
• Employees ___________________________
• Veterinarian _________________________

These individuals have a signed Employee and Visitor Arrival Agreement on file agreeing to follow our biosecure entry procedures (described below).
**Entry Logbook**
Everyone crossing the LOS Access Point(s) completes the entry logbook, which is located _______at controlled entrance_____, unless they are a scheduled worker.

The entry logbook is monitored by ____biosecurity manager____ on the feedlot to ensure accurate completion.

The contact information and work schedule records for all workers are maintained and posted ____in the office____.

**Biosecure Entry Procedure**
All individuals crossing the LOS on this feedlot must:
- Wear operation-dedicated footwear,
- Ensure hands are clean
  - Wash hands and/or
  - Wear disposable or disinfectable gloves over clean hands
- All animal handlers must also put on operation-dedicated clothing OR put on clean coveralls/protective outerwear

**Biosecure Exit Procedure**
Individuals crossing the LOS to the non-cattle side must exit through the _______CONTROLLED ACCESS____ and remove protective outerwear, disposable footwear, and gloves.
Hands may be washed ___in employee lounge____.

The procedure for soiled clothing is _____washed at farm____.

The procedure for soiled footwear is ____left at farm____.

6. **ANIMAL MOVEMENT**

**Incoming Animals**
Animals come only from sources with documented biosecurity practices that align with this feedlot’s biosecurity practices. The animal caretakers on the farms of origin are trained to look for signs of FMD. The incoming animals have no current or previous evidence of FMD infection.

**Pre-movement Isolation Period**
- We do not accept animals from operations within an FMD Control Area.

**Contingency Plan for Interrupted Animal Movement**
In the event animal movement is stopped for several weeks, this is our plan for managing animals in a biosecure manner:
- Cull cattle will be humanely euthanized and properly disposed of on the operation (described under Carcass Disposal below).
- Housing, feed, and healthcare equipment is available for ____ALL____ of slaughter-ready cattle for a period of ____5 days________. A contingency plan has been established for ration formulation, transport and market of cattle that are at, approaching, or have exceeded market weight.
☒ All calves born on the feedlot (from heifer-raisers, or unintentional breeding) can be housed, fed, and cared for in an outbreak. Describe your plan to manage these animals:

☒ There is enough housing, feed, and feeding equipment available for ______ ALL ______ of calves for a period of ______ 5 days _________.

**Loading/Unloading Animals**

Animals arriving at or leaving the feedlot only move in one direction across the LOS at an Access Point labeled on the premises map at the end of this plan. The animal loading/unloading area is NOT a people entry point. All areas inside the LOS that become contaminated by personnel or animals loading are cleaned and effectively disinfected by trained personnel after loading is complete. The SOP for the C&D process is available upon request.

The following individuals have received documented training in proper selection and use of personal protective equipment, the principles of C&D to avoid introducing FMD virus to the operation, and are able to effectively C&D the loading area:

- Abbey Smith
- Danelle Weddle

**7. ANIMAL PRODUCTS**

**Semen, Embryos**

☒ The Biosecurity Manager will ensure that any semen or embryos collected after FMD has been diagnosed in the U.S. and introduced to this feedlot come only from sources with documented, enhanced biosecurity practices and have no current or previous evidence of FMD infection.

○ Semen and embryos must be held and frozen at the source herd for 14 days after collection, and animals re-evaluated for signs of FMD after the 14 days before shipping.

○ Semen and embryos are transported in containers whose exteriors can be cleaned and effectively disinfected as it crosses the LOS.

○ The source herd must document Active Observational Surveillance for at least 14 days prior to movement of product.

**Feeding Dairy Products**

Cattle on the operation:

☒ Are not fed dairy products.

**8. CARCASS DISPOSAL**

In an FMD outbreak, dead animals are disposed of by ______ compost ________ which prevents the attraction of wildlife, rodents, and other scavengers, and is in accordance with state and federal laws.

☒ Rendering trucks and other vehicles hauling dead animals to a common disposal site do not cross the LOS.

The disposal method utilized on the feedlot is compost and routes are located on the premises map at the end of this plan.

**9. MANURE MANAGEMENT**

The procedure for manure storage is ______ CONCRETE STORAGE ABOVE GROUND _________.

Enhanced Biosecurity Plan for FMD Prevention
In the event of a prolonged outbreak, we can store manure for 2 months. After that time, the method for manure removal is dry spreader and dragline. This will prevent exposure of susceptible animals and meet state, local and Responsible Regulatory Officials regulations.

☒ Operation-specific dedicated manure handling equipment is used and equipment is not shared with other operations unless absolutely necessary

10. RODENT, WILDLIFE AND OTHER ANIMAL CONTROL
The following control measures are in place to minimize interaction between cattle and other animals (deer, feral pigs, rodents, dogs, cats, etc.)

☒ This operation utilizes cats to discourage rodents. Bait is checked every week by feed manager and replaced as needed. This protocol is in accordance with state and local regulations for controlling rodents.

☐ Weeding and grass control is done every week.

☐ The sanitation of general office areas is completed every week.

☐ Trash is removed every week. In an outbreak, crossing of the LOS by the garbage truck is not done.

☐ Feed spills are cleaned up immediately by feed manager.

☐ We are unable to prevent wildlife access to livestock on this operation.

☐ Dogs, cats, and other pets are NOT allowed to roam between operations during an outbreak.

11. FEED
Grain and feed commodities are delivered in trailers that are covered during transport.

In an outbreak, feed trucks delivering feedstuffs or finished feed would

☒ Auger feed across the LOS into a farm vehicle/feed wagon located on-site.

Feed spills are cleaned up as soon as possible to minimize attraction of wildlife and rodents.
**Labeled Premises Map**

Premises Address: 123 County Line Road, City, IA, 50000

PIN: 000XXX

*EXAMPLE: Replace with your operation’s premises map*